

# **Intellectual Property Rights (IPR)**

## **Report**

**Marian College Kuttikkanam**

**(Autonomous)**

## 1. Seminar on Intellectual Property Rights (IPR)

A seminar on IPR was organised by the Department of English on June 28, 2018 in the college auditorium. Adv. Sony Thomas was the resource person. He gave a brief introduction on IPR and explained the various related terms such as copyrights, patents etc.



## 2. Seminar on Intellectual Property Rights (IPR)



A seminar on Intellectual Property Rights was conducted on 29 January 2018. The session was handled by Mr. Jacob Bose (Faculty of M.M.H Department, Marian College, Kuttikanam). A briefing on the session is given below.

### **Introduction**

Intellectual property is a category of property that includes intangible creations of the human intellect, and primarily encompasses copyrights, patents, and trademarks. It also includes other types of rights, such as trade secrets, publicity rights, moral rights, and rights against unfair competition. Artistic works like music and literature, as well as some discoveries, inventions, words, phrases, symbols, and designs can all be protected as intellectual property.

The main purpose of intellectual property law is to encourage the creation of a wide variety of intellectual goods. Intellectual property rights refers to the general term for the assignment of property rights through patents, copyrights and trademarks. These property rights allow the holder to exercise a monopoly on the use of the item for a specified period.

### **Major Intellectual Property**

#### **Copyright**

Copyright is a legal term describing rights given to creators on their literary and artistic works.

#### **Related Rights**

Rights granted by law to communicators of works to the public

- Performers
- Broadcasting Organizations

#### **Performer's Rights**

It includes recording, broadcasting and communicating to the public of a live performance. Its duration is about 50 years.

## **Rights of Broadcasting Organizations**

It includes Broadcast Reproduction Right. It mainly focuses on Re-broadcasting, Recording and Communicating to the Public of a Broadcast. It has a duration of about 25 years.

## **Patent**

A patent is an exclusive right granted for an invention, which is a product or a process that provides a new way of doing something, or offers a new technical solution to a problem. The limited monopoly right granted by the state enables an inventor to prohibit another person from manufacturing, using or selling the patented product or from using the patented process, without permission. The time period of patent is about 20 years.

## **Industrial Design**

An industrial design is the ornamental or aesthetic aspect of an article which must appeal to the eye. The design may consist of three-dimensional features, such as the shape or surface of an article, or of two-dimensional features, such as patterns, lines or color.

## **Trademark**

A trademark is a distinctive sign which identifies certain goods or services as those produced or provided by a specific person or enterprise.

## **Geographical Indication**

Geographical Indication is an indication which identifies goods as agricultural goods, natural goods or manufactured goods as originating, or manufactured in the territory of country, or a region or locality in that territory, where a given quality, reputation or other characteristic of such goods is essentially attributable to its geographical origin.

## **Layout Design**

It includes layout of transistors and other circuit elements, including lead wires connecting such elements and expressed in any manner in a semiconductor integrated circuit (IC).

## **Trade secret**

Some inventions, data, information cannot be protected by any of the available means of IPRs. Such information is held confidential as a trade secret. Trade secret can be an invention, idea, survey method, manufacturing process, experiment results, chemical formula, recipe, financial strategy, client database etc.

## **The protection of plant varieties and farmers' rights**

The Protection of Plant Variety and Farmers Right Act, 2001 (PPVFR Act) is an Act of the Parliament of India that was enacted to provide for the establishment of an effective system for protection of plant varieties, the rights of farmers and plant breeders, and to encourage the development and cultivation of new varieties of plants.

### **3. Seminar on Intellectual Property Rights (IPR)**



A class on IPR(Intellectual Property Rights) was conducted in Marian College Kuttikanam, The meeting took place in the college conference hall on 19/07/2018 and 20/07/2018. The class was conducted by the initiative took by MCA department. The class was lectured by Prof. Sherin Sam Jose who is head of the department of mechanical engineering (automobile) in Amal Jyothi college, Kanjirapally. The class was attended by the first year's students of MCA and MMH of Marian College Kuttikanam. Sr. Rejina Sabs initiated the class and Introduced Prof. Sherin Sam Jose to the students. Prof. Sherin gave a wonderful class on IPR and shared his life experiences with the students which was taken warmly by them. The class was a motivating experience for the students and was concluded by 3.30 pm and vote of thanks was given Blesson Noble and Sherin from MMH department.

### **4. Academic Perspective of Innovation and Intellectual Property Rights**

A one day National Seminar on IPR (Intellectual Property Rights) was conducted on 28 Sept 2018. The resource persons for the sessions were Shri. Safikh S(Technical Officer, KSCSTE, Trivandrum), Adv. Febin James (Trademark Attorney & Partner, Legalites IP Services, Thrissur) and Shri. Afsar S (Patent Attorney, Bangalore). It was jointly organised by Marian College Kuttikkanam(Autonomous) and Patent Information Centre(PIC- kerala).

It created a great impact on the entire audience. Students were taught on how IPR restricts copying others ideas and how this will help the development of new ideas for the betterment of the society.

Students learnt how IPR provides total control over a new innovation and its creator. They were also given a platform to discuss how small innovations influence societies at large and how they should indulge in innovating and patenting ideas that will be useful for all the classes of individuals in the society.